The kitchen table is strewn with sheets of brightly coloured paper. What has been happening?

You're sitting outside the headteacher's office. What have you been doing?

Your face is all red. What have you been doing?

There are plates all around the room with crumbs on. What has been happening?

You're covered in paint! what have you been doing?

Your little sister is not wearing any shoes. What has she been doing?

Dad has a cowboy hat on. What has he been doing?

You're 5 metres up a tree. What have you been doing?

Your hair is sticking out all over the place! What have you been doing?

The cat has got bits of fluff in its teeth and claws. What has it been doing?

The police are putting five people into the back of a police van. What has been happening?

There is water all over the floor. What has been happening?

All the cushions and blankets are piled up in a heap.
What's been happening?

Your teacher has the biggest smile ever on his/her face.
What has been happening?

Ten big plastic bags full of rubbish are outside the art store. What has been happening?

Your clothes are shredded and your face/hands are scratched. What have you been doing?

Mum's waiting for you on the doorstep and she looks furious! What have you been doing? The whole class is soaking wet but everybody is grinning. What has been happening?

The kitchen is covered in flour. What has been happening?

Jason has a large graze on his knee and a bump on his head. What has he been doing?

Da	teName
	Using the Past Perfect Verb Form
e R t	n each of these sentences, the main verb is missing. Can you re-write ach sentence, using the verb in brackets in the PAST PERFECT form? Remember you need the auxiliary verb 'have' (in the past tense) plus he past participle (third form) of the main verb. Look at the example arst.
_	y. When I arrived at the cinema, the film (start) When I arrived at the cinema, the film had started.
1)	We had to go out before the programme, so we recorded the end.
	(finish)
2)	Carla to be a singer all her life, so she was thrilled to get on the
	X Factor. (want)
3)	Because Alexa me about the homework, I didn't forget it!
	(remind)
4)	The billionaire Bill Gates much of his money to charity before he
	was 50. (donate)
5)	It raining by 12pm, so we were able to go out for playtime. (stop)
6)	The boys to hurry up, but they still missed their bus! (try)
7)	David very hard before his music exam, so he did extremely well. (practise)
8)	If you had carefully, I'm sure you would have been able to answer that question. (listen)
9)	When I the cake, I iced it carefully for the party. (make)
10	School at 8.45am, but Joel didn't come in until nearly 9.15!
	(begin)
sho	allenge: these sentences are all about events that didn't happen. How buld the past perfect be different? Try to complete them correctly. OWe our money, so we couldn't go on the funfair. (not remember)

12) It ___ a good start to the holiday: first we missed the flight, then we

lost our passports! (not be)

Answers:

- 1) We had to go out before the programme **had finished**, so we recorded the end. (finish)
- 2) Carla had wanted to be a singer all her life, so she was thrilled to get on the X Factor. (want)
- 3) Because Alexa had reminded me about the homework, I didn't forget it! (remind)
- 4) The billionaire Bill Gates had donated much of his money to charity before he was 50. (donate)
- 5) It **had stopped** raining by 12pm, so we were able to go out for playtime. (stop)
- 6) The boys had tried to hurry up, but they still missed their bus! (try)
- 7) David **had practised** very hard before his music exam, so he did extremely well. (practise)
- 8) If you had listened carefully, I'm sure you would have been able to answer that question. (listen)
- 9) When I had made the cake, I iced it carefully for the party. (make)
- 10) School **had begun** at 8.45am, but Joel didn't come in until nearly 9.15! (begin)

Challenge: these sentences are all about events that didn't happen. How should the past perfect be different? Try to complete them correctly.

- 11) We had not remembered our money, so we couldn't go on the funfair. (not remember)
- 12) It **had not been** a good start to the holiday: first we missed the flight, then we lost our passports! (not be)

I have been ____ ing. You have been _____ing. He has been ____ing. She has been ____ing. It has been ____ing. They have been ____ing. We have been ____ing.

You have been running for twenty minutes.

The police have been chasing the criminal in a helicopter.

You have been brushing your extremely fluffy dog.

The Reception class have been finger painting.

Mum's been washing the car with a toothbrush.

You have been in a jam doughnut-eating competition.

Your best friend has been standing on his/her head for 5 minutes.

You've been playing footbal and it's raining.

The headteacher's been speaking to the school about the litter problem.

You've been drinking every few minutes all through the lesson because it's so hot.

Your Grandma has been knitting something in secret all week.

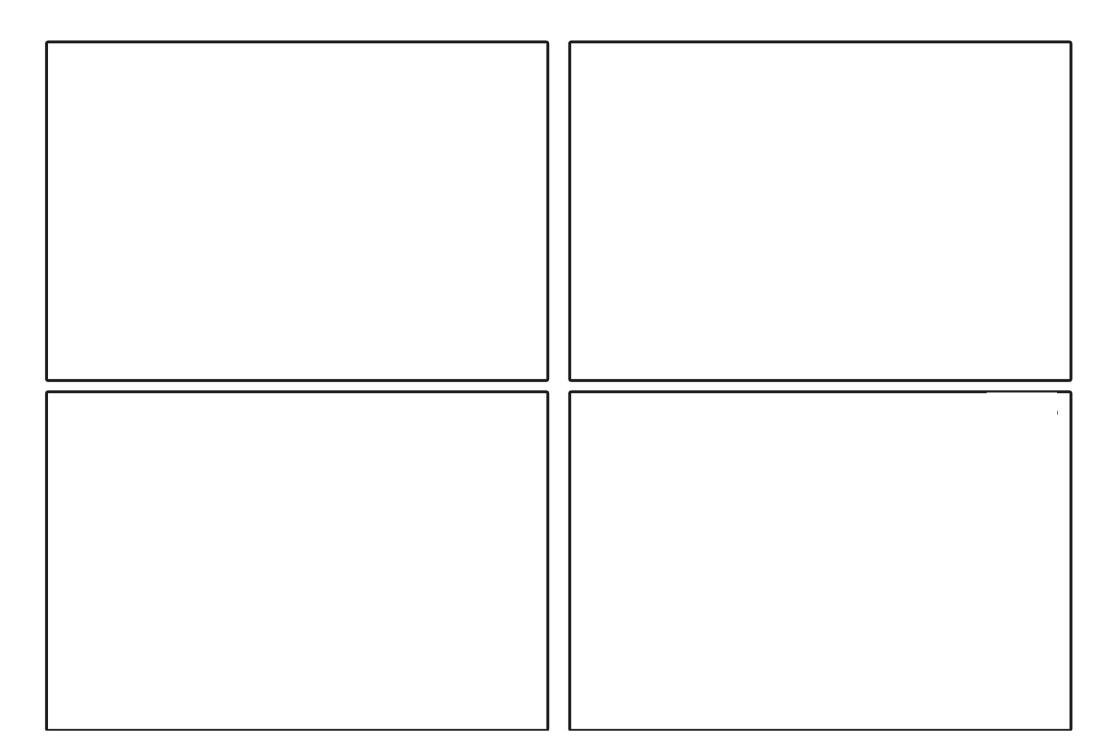
The cat has been playing with a box of ping-pong balls she knocked on the floor.

You've been reading an exciting book under the covers since Dad said it was time for lights-out.

You and your friends have been waiting for a bus for 45 minutes.

You've been sleeping outside the computer shop all week in a queue to buy the latest tablet.

You've been practising really hard for the music exam.



By 2017, By Wednesday, By Easter, By next Christmas, By home time, By the summer holidays, By the time I've finished By tomorrow breakfast my homework, time,

By my birthday,	By the year 2100,
By the time I am twelve,	By the end of the week,
By 12 o'clock,	By the end of this chapter of my book,
By the time I get to the sweet shop,	By half-past ten,

It's now Sunday morning, so by I got my bike for my birthday, so by Wednesday, _____ next Christmas, _____ It's lunchtime now, so by home time, ____ I haven't eaten anything all day so by tomorrow breakfast time, ——— I've been learning the piano since I was I've been really excited about my in year 3, so by the time I am twelve,___ birthday sleepover, so by the time it arrives, _____ My sister got married in 2013, so by I've given up chocolate for Lent, so by 2017, _____ Easter, _____

We've been working really hard in this	Mum's making tea, so by the time I've
class, so by the summer holidays,	finished my homework,
Scientists are working on robots, so I	We've had wet play every day, so by the
think by the year 2100,	end of this week,
Our class has been practising the play	This book is really exciting, so by the
all morning, so by 12 o'clock,	end of this chapter,
att 11to 11tt 1g, 30 0g 12 0 ctock,	erta of trus creapter,
It's now 4:55pm, so by the time I get to	I feel really wide awake now, but by
	I feel really wide awake now, but by
1 1 3	I feel really wide awake now, but by half-past ten,
1 1 3	

Perfect Forms



I had lost my keys on the way home.

Present perfect

I have known my best friend since we met in Year 1.

Perfect verb forms connect an event or activity in the past to another point in time (past, present or future):

We will have finished our projects by Friday.



The film had already begun when I got to the cinema.

Present perfect

My mum has made me a beautiful birthday cake.

perfect

To make the perfect verb forms, use the auxiliary verb have plus the past participle (third form) of the main verb. The auxiliary verb is the bit which changes tense to make past, present and future perfect.

By
next Christmas,
we will have lived
here for exactly
one year.

Progressive Perfect Verb Forms

When you want to talk about a continuous activity, you use the progressive verb forms. These have their own auxiliary verb already: be.

E.g. I am going to school now.

We were watching TV last night.

Sarah will be swimming on Saturday.

To make these into the perfect form, add the auxiliary have and change the verb be into its past participle been. Keep the main verb as an ___ing form.

We had been watching TV but the power failed Posk perfect so we went out.

Present perfect I have been going to school now for five years because I'm ten.

Future perfect

Sarah will

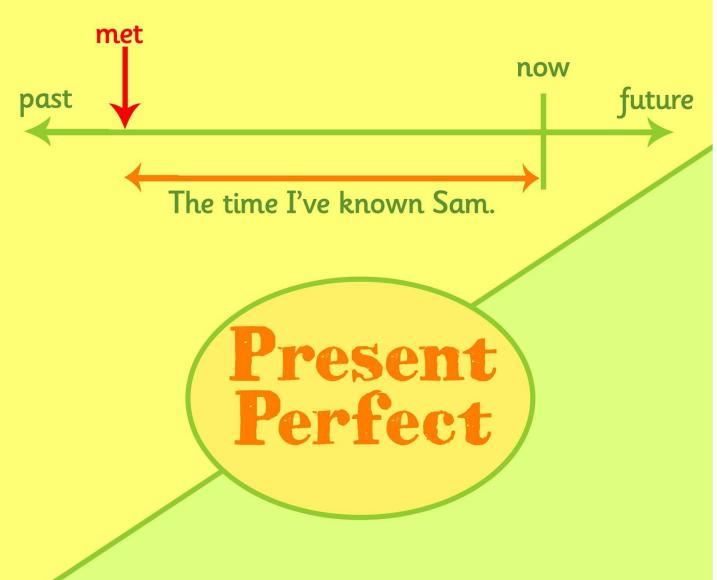
have been

swimming for three

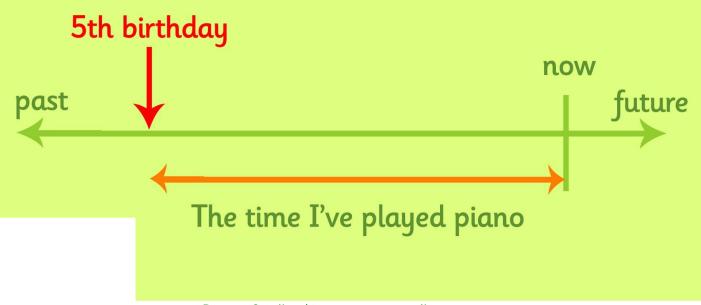
hours when it gets

to 12 o'clock.

I have known Sam since we met in Reception Class.



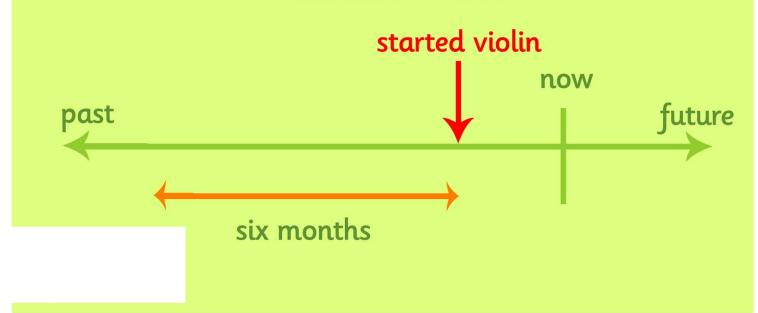
I have been playing piano since I was five.



I had known Sam for a year already when we joined Scouts together.



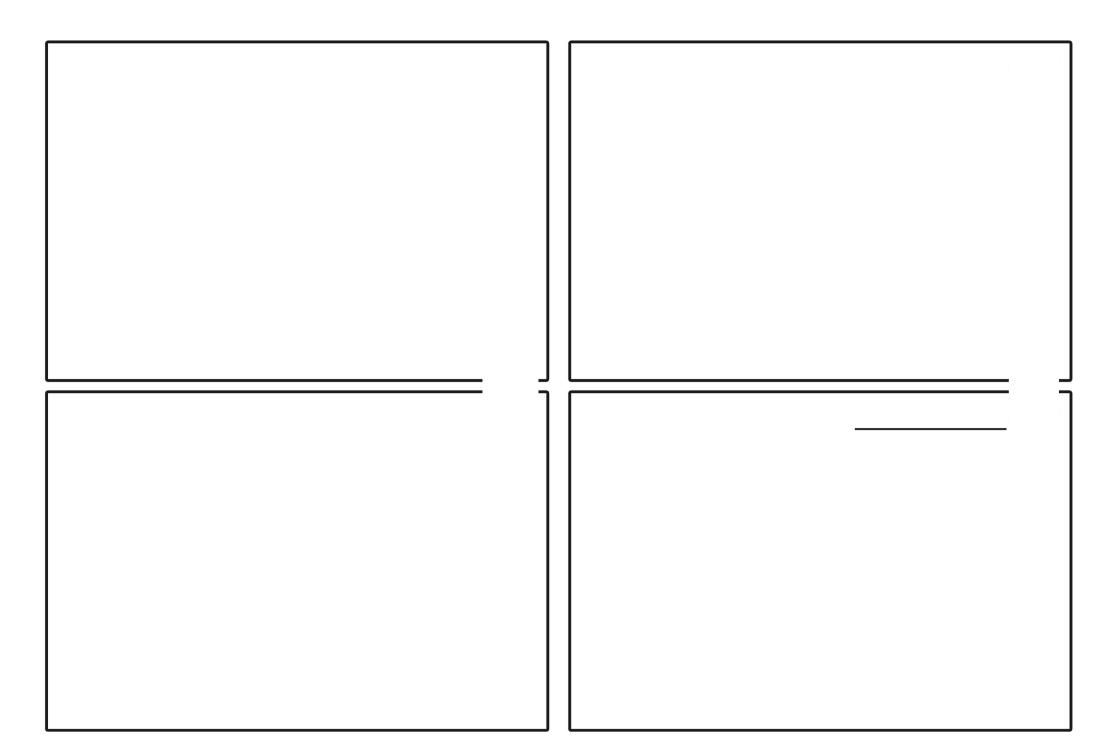
I had been playing piano for six months when I started the violin.





I have never	I have always wanted to
I have been	I have decided to
recently.	

I have _____ already I haven't yet ____ today. today. I haven't used a _____ I have been _____ing at all today. with my friends this week.



Date	Name
	Using the Past Perfect Verb Form
ea Re	each of these sentences, the main verb is missing. Can you re-write ch sentence, using the verb in brackets in the PAST PERFECT form? member you need the auxiliary verb 'have' (in the past tense) plus e past participle (third form) of the main verb. Look at the example st.
_	When I arrived at the cinema, the film (start) When I arrived at the cinema, the film had started.
1) 2)	After they all the chocolate, they began to feel rather sick. (eat) Because dad all the luggage inside, he was dying for a cup of tea. (bring)
3)	Carla to be a singer all her life, so she was thrilled to get on the X Factor. (want)
4) 5)	My birthday card didn't arrive until after I for school. (leave) If Alexa me about the homework, I might have forgotten it! (not remind)
6) 7)	If the driver in time, you could have been run over! (not stop) Roshana until she got to school that she her PE kit. (not realise, forget)
8) 9)	The boys to hurry up, but they still missed their bus! (try) David before his music exam, so he didn't do very well. (not practise)
10)	If you had about what I, you wouldn't be in trouble! (think, say)
ever	llenge: These sentences are all about past <u>activities</u> , not single ats. How should the past perfect be different? Try to complete them ectly.
	We for so long, we got badly burned. (sunbathe)
12)	If you around on the swings, you wouldn't have broken your

arm. (not mess)

Answers:

- 1) After they **had eaten** all the chocolate, they began to feel rather sick. (eat)
- 2) Because dad **had brought** all the luggage inside, he was dying for a cup of tea. (bring)
- 3) Carla **had wanted** to be a singer all her life, so she was thrilled to get on the X Factor. (want)
- 4) My birthday card didn't arrive until after I had left for school. (leave)
- 5) If Alexa hadn't reminded me about the homework, I might have forgotten it! (not remind)
- 6) If the driver **hadn't stopped** in time, you could have been run over!(not stop)
- 7) Roshana had not realised until she got to school that she had forgotten her PE kit. (not realise, forget)
- 8) The boys had tried to hurry up, but they still missed their bus! (try)
- 9) David **hadn't practised** before his music exam, so he didn't do very well. (not practise)
- 10) If you had thought about what I had said, you wouldn't be in trouble! (think, say)

Challenge: these sentences are all about past activities, not single events. How should the past perfect be different? Try to complete them correctly.

- 11) We **had been sunbathing** for so long, we got badly burned. (sunbathe)
- 12) If you hadn't been messing around on the swings, you wouldn't have broken your arm. (not mess)

Dat	teName	
	Using the Past Perfect Verb Form	
e R th fi	n each of these sentences, the main verb is missing. Can you re-write ach sentence, using the verb in brackets in the PAST PERFECT form? emember you need the auxiliary verb 'have' (in the past tense) plus ne past participle (third form) of the main verb. Look at the example rst. When I arrived at the cinema, the film (start) When I arrived at the cinema, the film had started.	
	After they all the chocolate, they began to feel rather sick. (eat) Because dad all the luggage inside, he was dying for a cup of tea. (bring)	
3)	Carla to be a singer all her life, so she was thrilled to get on the X Factor. (want)	
4)	My birthday card didn't arrive until after I for school. (leave)	
5)	If Alexa me about the homework, I wouldn't have forgotten it! (remind)	
6)	The billionaire Bill Gates much of his money away before he was 50. (give)	
7)	It raining by 12pm, so we were able to go out for playtime. (stop)	
8)	The boys to hurry up, but they still missed their bus! (try)	
	David very hard before his music exam, so he did extremely well. (practise)	
10)	If you had carefully, I'm sure you would have been able to answer that question. (think)	
	allenge: these sentences are all about events that have not happened. w should the past perfect be different? Try to complete them correctly.	
11) We it would be so cold, so we didn't take our coats. (not realise)		
12)	Because they the warning signs, they went swimming in a	

dangerous area. (not see)

Answers:

- 1) After they **had eaten** all the chocolate, they began to feel rather sick. (eat)
- 2) Because dad **had brought** all the luggage inside, he was dying for a cup of tea. (bring)
- 3) Carla had wanted to be a singer all her life, so she was thrilled to get on the X Factor. (want)
- 4) My birthday card didn't arrive until after I had left for school. (leave)
- 5) If Alexa had reminded me about the homework, I wouldn't have for gotten it! (remind)
- 6) The billionaire Bill Gates **had given** much of his money away before he was 50. (give)
- 7) It **had stopped** raining by 12pm, so we were able to go out for playtime. (stop)
- 8) The boys had tried to hurry up, but they still missed their bus! (try)
- 9) David **had practised** very hard before his music exam, so he did extremely well. (practise)
- 10) If you had thought carefully, I'm sure you would have been able to answer that question. (think)

Challenge: these sentences are all about events that didn't happen. How should the past perfect be different? Try to complete them correctly.

- 11) We had not realised it would be so cold, so we didn't take our coats. (not realise)
- 12) Because they **had not seen** the warning signs, they went swimming in a dangerous area. (not see)

Idea	Differentiation
For a clear starter guide to the difference between present perfect and simple past tense (most commonly used), use our super powerpoint guide.	
Present perfect v simple past differentiated activities can also be found in our handy <u>teaching</u> <u>resource pack</u> .	
Play a game of "What have you been doing?" with your class. Give out scenario cards (1) and children have to come up with a reason why this situation is so. They can be as reasonable or as silly as they like, providing they are grammatically appropriate! e.g. You're covered in paint! What have you been doing? Answers might be I've been washing up the paint pots for the teacher. OR I've been used as a canvas for a Jackson Pollock painting competition! This game can be played in reverse too: give out 'What now?' cards (3) and challenge children to come up with the current situation. e.g. You've been running for twenty minutes, so what's the situation now? Answers might be I'm red in the face and panting. OR I'm celebrating my amazing 1500m race win! These activities use the present perfect progressive (also called present perfect continuous) form. This refers to an activity which began in the past and has either just finished or is still going on.	This can be played in teams – who can come up with the best/silliest reason? Play it with your guided writing group – depending on their ability you may want to give them the structure on a present perfect sentence prompt card (2). Make it a mime activity to increase the fun! Why are your teeth black? [child mimes an activity. Class guesses e.g. He's been eating blackjacks! OR He's been dressing up as a toothless pirate!
To practise Future perfect tenses , give out 'By the time' prompt cards (4). These have a future time point on: children complete the sentence, adding something that they will have done by that point, or something they will have been doing for X amount of time at that point. e.g. By Friday afternoon, I will have finished my Egyptians project. OR By March, I will have been in this school for six months	Give more able children the challenge of working out a present perfect continuous sentence, as this will involve them also adding another time clause, as in the example. For less confident speakers/writers, or those who struggle to imagine situations, use the more detailed version (5) of this activity, which includes information about 'past' or 'now' so they can link an activity to a point in the future. e.g.

	been working for over three hours! OR Our plane took off at 5.26am, so by 2pm we will have been in the air for ages!
Have our lovely <u>perfect forms diagrams (6)</u> on your display wall, to remind the class which one to use and why.	
Play sentence stems bluff game (7) — children have cloze cards to complete (e.g. I have never or I've beening this week.) which they complete with either a true or false statement. They give their sentence cards to their partner/the other group, who ask additional questions to decide which are truth and which lies.	Play this in mixed-ability pairs if you think your pupils might struggle to invent something. Obviously when answering questions, only one person can answer or it'll give the game away!
To practise the past perfect form (simple or progressive), try our cloze activity worksheets. The sentence is missing the correct form of the verb (given as a bare infinitive) and children have to construct the perfect form correctly.	HAP (8) — includes positive/negative simple and progressive forms with regular and irregular verbs AAP (9) — simple past perfect with regular/irregular verbs LAP (10) — simple past perfect with mostly regular verbs.
Present Perfect 'Answer Me' game. Each child has some slips of paper on which they write a number or period of time, e.g. "About 2 years", "Since January" and "Seven". They can look at their cards but mustn't show their partner(s). They then ask questions to get those answers from their partner, e.g. "How long have you had that coat?" If they get an answer that is on one of their cards, they can discard it. The first person with no cards left is the winner.	Give lower-ability pupils pre-written time cards. They could work in pairs to ask the questions of a higher-ability pupil.